

Poshkus B. WEAK LINK IN «THE PRICE CHAIN».

The author has analyzed level-price and structure of consumer prices in Russia and other countries and found that ours are extremely high versus low income of the populace. The retail trade dominates in the matter. The author recommended increase government activism in foods market regulation.

Aglotkova S. REGIONAL PRACTICE OF MANAGEMENT BY THE MECHANISM OF THE STATE SUPPORT OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY PRODUCERS ON THE EXAMPLE OF SVERDLOVSK AREA.

In the article practice of the state support of agricultural commodity producers in Sverdlovsk area is considered.

Mozhaev E., Novikov V. INTRINSIC FEATURES OF STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT IN THE RUSSIAN AGROSPHERE.

In the article authors undertake attempt in a complex to investigate and develop theoretical positions about essence and the contents of strategic management in modern agroproduction.

Bogdanovskij V. THE EMPLOYMENT DIVERSIFICATION AS A FACTOR INCREASING THE LABOUR PROFITABILITY OF AGRICULTURAL POPULATION.

The methodological and methodical aspects of appraisal and the device realizing the employment diversification as a factor increasing the labour profitability of agricultural population are investigated.

Medvedev M. RESERVES OF INTEGRATION INTERACTION OF MANAGING SUBJECTS.

Realisation of integration mechanisms is the basic way of financial and economic improvement of managing subjects, and also method of restoration and strengthening of resource and technical potential of grocery subcomplexes.

Tkachenko I., Nikiforova Ju. THE METHODOLOGICAL APPROACH TO FORMING THE SYSTEM OF INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISE MACHINE-TOOL PROVIDING UNDER CONDITIONS OF COMPETITIVE MARKETS.

The paper deals with the problem of enterprises machine-tool providing. A methodical approach to forming the system of industrial enterprise machine-tool providing under conditions of competitive markets is presented in the article. Mathematical modeling is used in this approach. The authors offer a method for revealing an enterprise's needs in tools which depend on the reliability of production plans.

Sycheva F., Noskova K. MARKETING STRATEGY OF DEVELOPMENT OF THE DAIRY-GROCERY SUBCOMPLEX OF SVERDLOVSK AREA.

In the conditions of a rigid competitiveness in the market of dairy production the effective marketing strategy of development of the enterprises of a dairy-grocery subcomplex has huge significance.

Abramov N., Zavodovskaja O. MAIN ECONOMIC AND THE SOCIAL PROBLEM OF MODERN RUSSIAN VILLAGE – THE HUMAN CAPITAL CONDITION ON VILLAGE.

In modern company the human capital, which quality depends on an intellectual component, acts as a key resource of a sustainable development. Research has a strategic target to study communications of motivational structure of labour behaviour, to give a certain material for working out of toolkit of personnel planning.

Ahmetshina L. TACTICAL RESEARCH OF THE REGIONAL FOOD MARKET.

In article the complex estimation of a modern condition of a conjuncture of the food market of the Ulyanovsk area is conducted, laws of development are revealed, level of elasticity of demand for a various foodstuff depending on the prices and population incomes is analysed. The received results have formed a basis for forecasting of development and a substantiation of the major factors of growth.

Galeev M., Urazov E., Galeev D. INNOVATIVE WAY – A BASE TO COMPETITIVENESS MEAT-PROCESSING ENTERPRISES.

In article is made attempt to reveal the dependency to competitiveness enterprise to food branch from building united innovative system, including both scientific studies, and introduction in production process of the new technological decisions. The imperfection innovative system to Russia, in the opinion of authors, is connected with high share of the state sector of the studies and developments and comparatively weak development small innovative business.

Esembekova A. SECURITY INFLUENCE BY MATERIAL MEANS ON INDUSTRIAL RESULTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL ORGANIZATIONS.

In this article is determined the dependence between efficiency of agricultural organizations and different levels of funds supplies. It was determined with the help of

statistical methods.

Zhichkin K., Shumilina T. EFFICIENCY OF THE STATE SUPPORT OF INSURANCE OF AGRICULTURAL CROPS (ON AN EXAMPLE OF THE SAMARA AREA).

In article the basic problems facing to system of insurance of agricultural crops are considered. The plant growing condition in the Samara area is analyzed. Efficiency of insurance of agricultural crops pays off with the state support. Recommendations about the further development of insurance with state participation are given.

Pustuev A., Ivonin O. PROBLEMS AND FEATURES OF INTERACTION SOCIAL AND THE PRODUCTION INFRASTRUCTURE IN AGRARIAN SPHERE OF REGION.

The article opens problems of interaction social and a production infrastructure of agrarian sector of Sverdlovsk area.

Smirnova M., Smirnova V., Letunov I. MODERN LINES AND PROSPECTS OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF PRODUCTION OF MEAT OF THE HORNED CATTLE IN THE NORTHWEST OF RUSSIA.

Without damage to dairy cattle breeding it is possible to contain in Leningrad region to 40 thousand goal. Meat cattle, and as a whole in Northwest federal district – to 150 thousand goal. That will allow to receive annually in addition to 70 thousand τ high-quality beef.

Sysojatin A. THE BASIC STAGES OF A CHOICE OF MARKET STRATEGY DEVELOPMENTS OF THE ENTERPRISE IN THE REGIONAL MARKET MEAT PRODUCTION.

The technique of a choice of strategy in system of strategic planning activity of the enterprises processing meat is considered, tools for the analysis and a choice of strategic alternatives are advanced.

Sycheva F., Nikolaev V. THE STATE SUPPORT AS THE BASIC DIRECTION OF REFORMING OF AGRARIAN AND INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX.

In article the basic directions of reforming of agriculture are presented. The state should influence indirectly a supply and demand of the agricultural goods, an interbranch exchange in agrarian and industrial complex for the purpose of creation in its branches of equal conditions for reception to courses, to care along with municipalities of social development of village, wildlife management improvement.

Tiranova T. ACCOUNT OF OPTIMUM MASHINNO-TECHNOLOGICAL STATIONS ON PRODUCTION OF GRAIN FOR CONDITIONS OF THE NOVGOROD REGION.

In a paper the problems on forming optimal the machinery and technological stations (MTS) are esteemed with the account of specialization of economy handled by them. The economic-mathematical pattern permitting to realize account optimal MTS is reduced. The method of application of account of technological indexes of full output of the machinery and tractor aggregate is introduced. The problems of conducting of accounts by methods of integer programming with usage of the standard program Excel are reviewed.

Orlova T., Il'ina M., Garafarova E. ENRICHMENT OF PRODUCTS OF A FEED IN REGION, SCARCE ON IODINE.

The model of a choice investments of technologies of enrichment of products of a feed in region, scarce on iodine is described. The model is used for account of size of the investments directed on compensation of expenses to the enterprises, letting out products enriched iodine.

Alekseeva K., Anikeeva N. PROTECTION OF THE CUCUMBER FROM ROOT DECAYED AT COMBINED ACTION OF BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS AND GROWTH REGULATORS.

In article questions of reception of qualitative sprouts of a cucumber with well developed root system without the latent infection are taken up. Influence of regulators of growth of Ekogel, Zircan and Ljustrastim in a combination to processing of a mix for sprouts a biological product Pralin on growth and development of plants of a cucumber in sprouts is considered. Article contains the comparative analysis of results of the processings spent by the above-stated preparations.

Butuzov A. EFFICIENCY OF APPLICATION OF REGULATORS OF GROWTH AT WINTER WHEAT CULTIVATION.

In the three years field researches on leached chernozem the complex analysis of efficiency of application of regulators of growth on increase of productivity and quality of grain of a winter wheat of grades Don 93 and Bezenchuksky 380 is carried out. It is shown, that winter wheat grades differently responded on applied regulators of growth. Application of regulators of growth was more effective at cultivation of a grade Don 93, possessing in high potential of efficiency, but forming not always high-quality grain: the grain yield increase in comparison with the control has made 0,22-

0,37 t/ha, damp gluten in grain – 1,3-1,4%.

Ezephchuk L., Badmaev B. EFFICIENCY OF HYBRIDS OF WHITE CABBAGE IN THE CONDITIONS OF CYXOCTEПHOЙ REPUBLIC BURYATIYA ZONES.

The increase of harvesting capacity and the quality of vegetable output is possible due to developing the adaptive, resource-conserving technologies aimed at implementing the potential efficiency of hybrids with commercially valuable characters.

Ismagilov R., Ahijarov B. PRODUCTIVITY AND QUALITY OF DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN GRADES AND RED BEET HYBRIDS.

In article questions of formation of a crop of grades and hybrids of beetroot of domestic and foreign selection are considered. Results of field supervision and biometric parameters of plants are revealed.

Eliseev S., Zubarev Yu., Renev E. CULTIVATION TECHNOLOGY OF COMMON VETCH (FOR SEEDS) IN PREDURALJE.

The technology for cropping of vetch for seeds in combination with barby has been proposed. The introduction of this very technology ensures about (not less) 15 centners per hectare cropping capacity.

Ardasheva O., Fjodorov A. FEATURES OF INFLUENCE OF THE KIND OF THE STOCK ON THE IMPARTED PLANTS OF THE WATER-MELON WITH VARIOUS TYPE OF GROWTH.

Studied influence of a stock on growth, development and productivity of grades of a water-melon «ul'trarannii» and «sverhrannii dyutina». Both grades at an inoculation on lagenaria siceraria («molin») standl and a cucurbita «ficifolia» bouche improved growth and development, productivity of plants increased.

Karpuhin M., Palagin P. IMPROVEMENT OF ADAPTIVE TECHNOLOGY OF BEETROOT RAISING ON LOW-LYING PEAT IN THE MIDDLE URAL.

The investigations show that low-lying peat in the Middle Ural is one of the largest reserves for progress of vegetable growing under modern conditions. The most productive grades and hybrids were selected; their agrichemical analysis was done, optimum planting norms of beetroot for growing in this type of soil were set.

Kotov L. SELECTION OF APPLE-TREE AT THE MIDDLE URAL.

The history of selection development of apple-trees at the Middle Ural is given in the article. Characteristics of modern apple grades that possess high frost resistance and high immunity to usual diseases is presented.

Kunavin G., Gubanov M. ELEMENTS OF TECHNOLOGY OF BEETROOT RAISING.

Soaking of beetroot seeds in 0,4% – solution of hydrogen peroxide and hydroperide raises the yield at 8, 0-10, 4t/ha. At a standard sowing of 9 kg/ ha of seeds of different fractions, the yield depends not on density of planting, but on quantity of sowing material and is 40, 9-43, 4t/ha.

Lewjov A. INFLUENCE OF TERMS SCRAPS AND SIZES OF THE KEPT FLOWER ARROW ON PRODUCTIVITY OF BULBS AND FINE TUBERS GARLIC OF THE WINTER GRADE «ANNIVERSARY GRIBOVSKY» IN THE PERM EDGE.

Researches establish positive influence agrotechnical reception on distance of a flower pointer of garlic winter on increase in weight of a bulb and productivity. The effect from scraps of an inflorescence with a part of a flower pointer is determined.

Loginov Ju., Simakova T., Zarovnjatnyh M. PRODUCTIVITY AND QUALITY OF TUBERS EARLY RIPENING VARIETY OF THE POTATO IN THE FOREST-STEPPE ZONE OF THE TYUMEN REGION.

In clause data on formation of productivity and quality of tubers early-maturing grades of a potato in a forest-steppe zone of the Tyumen area are cited. Results of researches have shown, that on a complex of economic attributes it is possible to recommend for cultivation in quotient sector of grade «gorynka», the «bullfinch», «krasnoyarskiy early», in farmer and specialized farms – the «bullfinch» and «tulunskiy early».

Nikulshin V., Shestakova K. SELECTION OF WINTER GARLIC (ALLIUM SATIVUM) FOR STABILITY TO FUSARIOSE.

Based on the results of valuation of winter garlic collection according to stability to fusariose at a artificial background a line of samples was brought out, that present a practical interest for selection №№ 5262, 2286, 5254, 5103 и 2965. This line of samples has low level of damage. Besides, it possesses a number of valuable qualities.

Ogorodnikov L., Bajkin Ju., Silich A. THE IMPACT OF NORMS, PLANTING AND SEEDING ON SPRING

WHEAT IN MIDDLE URALS.

In the dark grey soil of the Middle Urals region, research has been conducted on the seeding rate and sowing time of intensive spring wheat, Krasnoufimskaya 100. With physically mature soil, seeding of wheat at the optimal seeding rate (7 bin, germinating grains per 1 hectare) provides 3,90 ton/hectare of grain in favorable years, with the second sowing 3,45 ton/hectare.

Papov A. PRODUCTIVITY OF GRADES OF THE CAULIFLOWER ON PLOTS DIFFERENT IN CONTAMINATION HERNIA IN THE PERM EDGE.

It was studied five grades of a cauliflower. Grades of firm Cingenta: Clapton, Clarifir differed the raised stability to Kiel on an average level of infection, but perished on a high infectious background.

Petrova A., Vladimirova S. MODELLING OF NATURE-LANDSCAPE SURROUNDINGS IN CRIOLITZONE.

In the article the authors speak about the history of foundation of a park complex of Yakutsk State Agricultural Academy, stage after stage modelling of nature-landscape surroundings through making different planting objects according to landscape composition.

Potapova S., Potapov N. INFLUENCE OF BIOLOGICALLY-ACTIVE SUBSTANCES ON PERSPECTIVE HYBRIDS OF CABBAGE OF LATE TERM OF MATURING.

In the article are data about appraised influence of БАВ at growing of perspective hybrids of the late white cabbage, which presented on test by selection concern «Seminis».

Fjodorov A., Lekomeva T., Shvecov A. ABILITY TO TAKE ROOTSHANKS OF GRAPES DEPENDING ON THE USED PART OF RUNAWAY.

Studied formation of roots at shanks of a grapes depending on a part of runaway. The best results are received from the shanks taken from the bottom and average parts of runaway.

Rzaeva V., Fedotkin V., Glebov S. INFLUENCE OF THE BASIC PROCESSING OF SOIL ON THE CONTAMINATION OF CROPS OF SPRING WHEAT IN AGRICULTURAL CO-OPERATIVE «LUCH» OF ABATSKY AREA OF THE TYUMEN REGION.

As a result of researches influence of the basic processing of soil (minimum, zero) and herbicides on a contamination of crops of spring wheat during 2003-2005 is established.

Hramcov I., Husainov M. TENDLESS OF SORTS OF SPRING WHEAT FOR USE OF MINERAL AND CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS.

The article deals with the results of study of influence of mineral and bacterial fertilizers on the productivity and quality of grain of sorts spring wheat. Research showed that according to productivity spring wheat Omsk 29 sort and according to quality – the sort in memory of Aziyev stand out. The most responsive for application of N_{60} , $N_{60}P_{60}$, $N_{60}P_{60}$ agrophil and rhysoagrin was the sort in memory of Aziyev, P_{60} Omsk 29. Application of agrophil and rhysoagrin biologicals provided increased raw protein content by 1% in grain of Svetlanka sort.

Husainov A., Rafal'skij P. INFLUENCE OF COULISSES FROM CORN ON THE MICROCLIMATE IN THE STEAM FIELD ON SOILS CHERNOZEMNYH OF NORTHERN KAZAKHSTAN.

In the article the results of many years investigations of the microclimate by the corn (stripes) around fallow fields of the black earth soils of North Kaz are presented.

It was estimated that in corn in comparison with mustard ones the and relative moisture of the air were higher, the speed of the wind was temperature of the ground and the amount of water evaporation were less got frozen less in winter, melt faster and sucked the water better in spring.

Koltun G. APPLICATION SCHISANDRA CHINENSIS IN DIETS OF FEEDING OF YOUNG GROWTH.

Schisandra chinensis – is a very valuable medicine plant. It influences on breath and stimulates refection activity. It has not harmful properties. So that, we decided to study its influence on young minks. The purpose of our research work is to study influence on young minks. Conducted our research work, we decided that including Schisandra chinensis influences on mink gain, increasing, length of bodies, and skin quality. The best dose is 15 mg per 1 kg body weight.

Sannikova N. PRODUCTIVITY OF SPRING WHEAT DEPENDING ON DEGREE OF THE CONTAMINATION WHEATEN AGROPHYTOCENOSIS IN THE CONDITIONS OF NORTHERN ZAURALYE.

Productivity of spring wheat depends on contamination degree agrophytocenosis Inverse relationship between productivity of spring wheat and quantity of weed plants is established.

Usanova Z., Tislenko E. APPLICATION OF BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS AND NITROPHOSPHIN IN TECHNOLOGY OF CULTIVATION WINTER TRITIKALE IN THE CONDITIONS OF HEADWATERS OF VOLGA.

The research brought out an opportunity of biochemical planriz and agat 25, bacterial fertilizer nitrophosphin using by cultivation of a new triticate winter variety Nemtchinovsky 56 on the ecologically harmless technology and fertilization of the calculated doses on the actually potential harvest on the biohydrothermic potential of productivity.

Shanina E., Kljukina E., Koksharov V. POTATO SELECTION FOR QUALITY INDICATORS.

The results of many years work at potato selection are presented, main work directions are shown: earliness of ripening, quality of tuber. The grades bred by the Ural Research Agricultural Institute are suggested.

Chumak V. EFFICIENCY OF THE POTATO IN AGROECOLOGICAL CONDITIONS YUGRA.

The main issues in development of the potato growing in Yugra, the selection and ecological testing of the potato sorts have also been considered.

Sheudzhen A., Bondareva T., Naumenko A. EFFICIENCY OF APPLICATION OF PREPARATIONS ZIRCON AND CYTOVIT ON RICE CROPS.

Application of zircon and cytovit on crops of rice by processing of plants in a phase stooling (5-6 leaves) ensures growth of productivity of grain on 6,5-12,8 ts/hectares.

Jurina A., Karpuhin M., Krivobokov V. SELECTION OF CUCUMBER PARTHENO-CARPIC HYBRIDS FOR SPRING HOTHOUSES IN THE MIDDLE URAL.

Based on selective work of staff of vegetable and fruit growing department by name of Prof. N.F.Konyayev a new parthenocarpic heterotic hybrid F₁ U-271 is brought out, its fruits have high taste qualities, plants are relatively stable to root rot and low temperatures, are stored well at room conditions without loss of colour and taste.

Krivanogova A.S., Khasina E.I. PROTECTIVE ACTION OF SODIUM ALGINATE ON DAMAGE OF THE STOMACH OF VARIOUS ULCEROGENIC FACTORS

The protective effect of sodium alginate against damage of the stomach induced by emotional stress, indomethacin and pesticide 2,4-D in male Wistar rats was studied. Oral administration of sodium alginate (100 mg/kg) prevented gastric injury formation. It was shown to possess a gastroprotective effect, which is accompanied by diminution of the number and sizes of destructive regions in the gastric mucosa during the ulcer affection, as well as reduction of ATP and glycogen deficit, decrease of lactate excess, and normalization of the energy balance in the gastric tissue. According to its gastroprotective effect, sodium alginate may be recommend for application in prevention and treatment of stomach diseases together with the basic therapy.

Zhigalsky O., Zhokusheva Z. PRODUCTIVITY OF SMALL MAMMALS AND THEIR INTERRELATION WITH THE VEGETATIVE COVER.

On the basis of long-term observations over population bank vole and an external environment energy needs bank vole on different phases of population cycle are estimated. The most consumption of feedstuff is observed in a phase "growth" as in this phase the greatest number of females participating in reproduction and males; number of young growing small animals, and also feeding females are presented.

Mihajlova L., Rybina G., Maslenko E., Gordeeva F. COMPARATIVE ESTIMATION OF TOXICITY AND IMPURITY OF GROUND ADJOURNMENT OF SOME WATER CITY OBJECTS OF TYUMEN METHODS CORRELATION AND MULTIDIMENSIONAL (CLUSTER) THE ANALYSIS.

In the article generalisation of results of 3-year-old researches of pollution and toxicity of ground adjournment of the isolated water objects of Tyumen with use of methods correlation and cluster analyses is resulted.

Motorin A., Malyshkin N. STUDYING ЭКОТОКСИЧНОСТИ OF RESIDUAL QUANTITIES OF HERBICIDES IN SOIL BIOLOGICAL METHODS.

Influence of the herbicides carried to different classes of chemical compounds, on microbiological activity of soil is studied. By means of a biotesting method the estimation agroecosis on residual phytotoxicity of applied herbicides is conducted.

Grachkova O., Petrova O., Koritnjak B., Kitaev N. INFLUENCE OF PREPARATION GUMIN-EKO ON INTENSITY OF IMMUNITY TO VIRUSES INFECTIOUS RINOTRAHEITE, A PARAFLU OF TYPE 3 AND BIOCHEMICAL INDICATORS OF BLOOD AT CALFS IN THE AGRICULTURAL ENTERPRISES OF THE CHELYABINSK AREA.

Gumin-eko normalises a homeostasis that will well influence immunity development, forming homogeneous and strained antiviral immunity at sharp respiratory virus

infections of a horned cattle.

Honin G., Fomenko L. STRUCTURE OF VENOUS SYSTEM OF THE FORWARD DEPARTMENT OF THE TRUNK AT FOWL-LIKE BIRDS AND ANSERIFORMES.

Venous vessels of the front part of hen body have been studied. Basic venous inflows situated on organ of the neck, wings and thoracic wall as well as numerous venous pathways of the thoracic-abdominal wall were established.

Maximov S., Marushchak V. MATERIALS CONTRIBUTING TO THE THEORY OF THE NUN MOTH POPULATION DYNAMICS.

In the Scots pine stands of the Urals, where trees have deficiency of filiform absorbing roots in the soil layer below 2-4 cm from soil surface, nun moth larvae have increased survival. This leads to outbreaks of nun moth. Absorbing roots deficiency in pine stands of the Urals and West Siberia spring up under the influence of the winter drought. Formation of nun moth out break foci take place in a very short period of time in the end of April or in the beginning of May. Average date of out break foci formation of the nun moth in the Urals is 1-2 may.

Ashihmina T., Skugoreva S., Adamovich T. THE CONTENTS OF HEAVY METALS IN SOILS AND GROUND ADJOURNMENT NEAR TO KIROVO-CHEPETSCK CHEMICAL INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX.

In article the data under the maintenance of heavy metals in soils and ground adjournment in territory near to Kirovo-Chepetsck chemical kombi-nata is presented. It is established that concentration of heavy metals in loamy alluvial soils several times above in comparison with the podsol. The most polluted by heavy metals is the sample of the soil who have been selected on a site in the bottom watercourse of Elhovki. Ground adjournment possess the greatest heat-sink ability in comparison with soils. Concentration of heavy metals in ground adjournment of the river Elhovki, in lake Prosnoe and on coast of the channel-collector of drains several times above existing specifications.

Muhachjov I. SYSTEMS OF INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES OF COMMODITY FISH CULTURE IN THE SOUTH OF THE TYUMEN REGION.

As a part of agriculture of the Tyumen region the commodity fish culture is included into animal industries management. The fish culture is capable in short times to ensure an essential gain of production of valuable food production on the basis of an effective utilisation of a self-renewed forage reserve of local reservoirs. Leading technology is pasturable cultivation of fish. Introduction of innovative technologies of fish culture on the basis of systems approach will ensure high indicators of manufacture commodity fish – on 120-150 kg/hectares and more annually that corresponds to 18-20 thousand τ fishes of high gastronomic quality.

Tairova A., Galatova E. THE PECULIARITIES OF ACCUMULATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF HEAVY METALS IN THE GILLS OF FISH OF DIFFERENT FAMILIES.

The content of heavy metals in the gills of fish of perch, carp, sheat-fish and pike families is studied. The comparative analysis of elementary composition in gills of fish showed irregular distribution of chemical elements and accumulation of ecotoxicants in representatives of different families.

Shavnin S., Alesenkov Ju., Andreev G., Pozdeev E., Ivanchikov S. CORRELATION HEIGHTS AND DIAMETERS OF MAIN FOREST FORMING SPECIES IN VISHERA RESERVE.

The forest found of reserve land is characterized presence of forest plant communities which are on different stages of after fire and after windfall regenerative series are given investigations. The structure of stands and correlation of main measuring of their stands have related peculiarities with history of their genesis and is described characteristic curves and equations of connections. The degree of work out of communities marks relation density of coniferous and leave species where Siberian mountain aspen adds with birch how typical representative of forest plant communities of mountain boreal forests of Ural.

Svetlakov N.A., Svetlakov A.G. MANAGEMENT OF EXPENSES IN THE CONDITIONS OF THE ORGANIZATION OF INTRAECONOMIC COMMERCIAL RELATIONS.

In article questions of management to expenses by means of the organisation of intraeconomic (commercial) calculation are investigated; the model of management by the expenses, based on material stimulation and motivation is presented.

Starcev A., Ivanov A. TECHNIQUE OF EXPERIMENTAL RESEARCHES OF WORK OF THE DIESEL ENGINE ON WATER FUEL EMULSION.

The article is devoted a problem of environmental pollution by emissions of harmful substances with the fulfilled gases of diesel internal combustion engines. Are presented a technique of experimental researches of work of a diesel engine on water fuel emulsion and a principle of work of experimental installation.